

Caledonian



Mercury. No. 10,287.

Price 3d.] EDINBURGH,

THURSDAY, August 16. 1787.

PROPOSALS for publishing by SUBSCRIPTION,

Overture, Songs, and Duets,

IN THE
NEW PASTORAL COMEDY OF
JAMIE AND BESS.

Written by ANDREW SHIRREFS, A. M.

The Airs (which are twelve in number) are selected chiefly from the most favourite Scotch ballads, and the Overture and Words to the several Airs are all Originals composed by the Author of the Piece. Price to Subscribers only Five Shillings, to be paid on delivery of the Book; to others, Six. The Work will be put in hands, as soon as a sufficient number of Subscribers are procured to defray the expense of publication.

Subscriptions taken in by A. Shirrefs and the other Book-sellers in Aberdeen; by A. Leighton Printer, Aberdeen; by Mess. Corri and Sutherland Music-sellers to his Majesty, J. Bell and Charles Elliot Book-sellers, and J. Johnson, Engraver, Edinburgh; Dunlop and Wilson Book-sellers, Glasgow; W. Anderson Book-seller, Stirling; R. Morison and Son Book-sellers, Perth; R. Nicol Book-seller, Dundee; J. Stewart Book-seller, Arbroath; D. Buchanan Book-seller, Montrose; J. Imbach Book-seller, Banff; James Forsyth, Keith; A. Davidson Book-seller, Inverness; and Longman and Broderip, Music-sellers to his Majesty, London.

N. B. The above Comedy is now in the press, and will be published in a few weeks in 8vo. price 1s. 6d.

There is also just now published,

Inferred to the Right Hon. David Earl of Buchan,

Forty Pieces of Original Music,

Consisting of Airs, Marches, Gavottes, Strathspey Reels, and Light Jigs, with variations to some of them, and proper Ballads to the whole, adapted for the Violin, Violoncello, Harpichord, &c. &c.

The Author's Address to his Crutch, and other two Airs, with the original words, are among the number.

Composed by A. Shirrefs, and to be had at the shop of the Author, Aberdeen; of Mess. Corri and Sutherland, Edinburgh; and of most other Music-sellers in Scotland and England. Price Six Shillings.

Also to be had at the Shop of A. Shirrefs, Aberdeen; of Mess. P. Elmley Book-seller, Strand, London; J. Bell, C. Elliot, and E. Balfour Book-sellers, Edinburgh; and by all other Book-sellers in Scotland: A Complete Collection of PAPERS relating to the UNION of the KING'S and MARISCAL COLLEGES of ABERDEEN; containing not only those already published by authority, but also several original Papers, and many by anonymous Writers on both sides of the question. Price, sewed, Two Shillings. Printed on a good paper and type in 12mo.

Canongate, 3d August 1787.

AT the request of the Magistrates of
Canongate, we subscribers attended the examination of their Latin Grammar School, under the care of Mr William Ritchie, and heard the boys in the several classes go through their exercises much to our satisfaction.—We were particularly pleased with the first class, founded by Mr Ritchie himself, and with the judicious and accurate manner in which they were initiated in the rudiments of the language.

ROBERT WALKER

JOHN MACFARLANE, D. D.

Mr Ritchie opens his School on Monday the 10th of September next. The School-house is conveniently situated, near the head of the Canongate, having a free and well-secured area around it. Mr Ritchie will be heard of at Mr Cameron's, Painter, Buchanan's land, head of the Canongate.

DUNDEE ACADEMY.

THIS ACADEMY sits down on the 1st October, and rises in the beginning of July following.

The institution is designed to instruct Young Gentlemen in Mathematical learning, and several other branches of useful and ornamental knowledge. It is in particular calculated to prepare the merchant and seaman for the business of their respective professions.

The whole course of study proposed will be conducted in the following order:

CLASS I. ARITHMETIC, in all its parts, and Book-keeping.

II. FIRST CLASS OF MATHEMATICS, comprehending the Elements of Euclid, Plane Trigonometry, and Practical Geometry, containing the elements of Mensuration, Surveying, and Gauging.

III. SECOND CLASS OF MATHEMATICS, comprehending the Elements of Spherical Trigonometry, Spherics, Algebra, Conic Sections and Fluxions.

IV. GEOGRAPHY.

V. NAVIGATION. Besides explaining the general principles of Geography and Navigation, these subjects will be further illustrated by a number of Lectures on the Progress of Navigation, Natural History of the Earth, Manners, Customs, Government, and History of different Nations.

VI. FORTIFICATION.

VII. CHEMISTRY.

VIII. NATURAL PHILOSOPHY, comprehending the Elements of Mechanics, Hydrostatics, Pneumatics, Optics, Electricity, Magnetism, and Astronomy.

IX. DRAWING AND PERSPECTIVE.

X. FRENCH.

The Academy is provided with instruments for explaining the practical parts of Geometry, Geography, and Navigation, and with an apparatus for illustrating the principles of Chemistry and Natural Philosophy.

Three years are judged necessary to pass through all the above classes; and, during that time, the students will be employed in the following manner:—The first year, they will attend Arithmetic, Book-keeping, and the first Class of Mathematics;—the second year, the second Class of Mathematics, Geography and Navigation;—and the third year, Fortification, Chemistry, and Natural Philosophy. French and Drawing may be attended any of the years most convenient for the students.

The fees paid at entry every session are, Two Guineas to Mr Weir the Rector; Half-a-guinea to Mr Ivory the Assistant Master; One Guinea for French, and One Guinea for Drawing and Perspective, to Mr Turner. Book-keeping and Navigation will be taught to such as learn nothing else, at One Guinea each.

Any one of the above mentioned Classes may be attended independently of the rest. The above-mentioned fees, however, for French and Drawing, extend only to such as attend the Mathematical Classes at the same time. The fees paid for them, by such as learn nothing else, being, for French One Guinea and a Half per session; and for Drawing and Perspective, Half-a-Guinea per quarter.

As the Students in every Class proceed together, it is absolutely necessary that they enter immediately at the beginning of the sessions.

AT LONDON—FOR LEITH,
THE DILIGENCE,
PHILIP BUTLER Master,

Now lying on the birth at Hawley's Wharf, taking in goods for Leith, and will sail the 25th instant.

A SHEPHERD WANTED,

A Person well acquainted with management of Sheep, as practised in Tweeddale and Tiviotdale, and who can be well recommended for his honesty and sobriety as well as knowledge, will meet with suitable encouragement by addressing a letter to the Publisher.

He will mention his residence, and in what manner a letter may be forwarded to him, and he may be assured, that his proposals are not agreed to, they will be concealed.

A single person would be desirable, but if he is young and healthy, his having a family will be no great objection.

Martmas next is the term of his entry, and as he will have the charge of a large Sheep Farm, lying very conveniently, he will be allowed to engage one or more herds for his assistants in the spring and summer following.

Trustees-Office, Edinburgh, 12th August 1787.

THE Commissioners and Trustees for

Fisheries, Manufactures, and Improvements in Scotland, do hereby give notice, that having examined the returns made by the different competitors for the premiums advertised in the year 1786, for promoting the Fisheries, it is found that the following are the persons entitled to those premiums, viz.

For the five greatest quantities of Cod, Ling, and Tusk, in proportion to the number of men employed in the vessels,—

William and Robert Gibbons of Aberdeen, for their vessel the Aberdeen Smack, the first premium of L. 60 0 0

James Calder of Aberdeen, per his vessel the Concord, the second premium of 50 0 0

William Findlater of Peterhead, per his vessel the Speedwell, the third premium of 40 0 0

Thomas and James Arbuthnot of Peterhead, per their vessel the Lady Charlotte, the fourth premium of 30 0 0

And Alexander Milne, jun. of Aberdeen, per his vessel the Dempsy, the fifth premium of 20 0 0

For the seven greatest quantities of Oil procured from the Sun or Sail Fish:—

Peter Tod at Newtown of Ayr, the first premium of 15 0 0

The forreid Thomas and James Arbuthnot, (by their vessel the Speedwell,) the second premium of 10 0 0

Roderick McNeil, master of the Sanderay boat, the third premium of 7 0 0

John McDonald at Broder, in the island of Arran, the fourth premium of 6 0 0

Jeremy Campbell, in the island of Barra, the fifth premium of 5 0 0

The above Thomas and James Arbuthnot, (by their Ship the Lady Charlotte) the sixth premium of 4 0 0

And Alexander Kerr of Lamash, in Arran, the seventh premium of 3 0 0

For the seven greatest quantities of Oil procured from Dog Fish:—

Roderick Mackenzie in Brager, in the island of Lewis, the first premium of 15 0 0

Donald Macintosh, in the island of Mull, the second premium of 7 0 0

Murdoch Maciver in Shawbol, in the island of Mull, the third premium of 6 0 0

Malcolm Morrison in Brager, in Ditto, the fourth premium of 5 0 0

Norman Mackay in Ditto, in Ditto, the fifth premium of 4 0 0

John Macollivican in Arnole, in Ditto, the sixth premium of 3 0 0

And Angus Macintosh, in Ditto, in Ditto, the seventh premium of 2 0 0

The above premiums will be paid upon proper receipts being produced from the gainers.—By order of the Trustees, ROBT. ARBUTHNOT Sec.

COUNTY OF AYR.

THE MICHAELMAS HEAD COURT of this county will be held at Ayr on Tuesday the 2d of October next.

And there are lodged with the Sheriff-clerk claims for the following Gentlemen, viz.

James Macgill, writer in Edinburgh,

Thomas Crawford of Ardmillan,

Hugh Hamilton of Pinniew,

William Tennant of Pool,

John Buthby, Sheriff-clerk of Dumfries,

John Hay Buthby, son to said John Buthby,

John Russell jun. clerk to the signet,

Thomas Cunningham, eldest son of William Cunningham of Lamshaw, and

Dugald Stewart of Cairn.

Sale of Household Furniture, &c.

AT KIRKBRIDE.
THE WHOLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and other effects, yet remaining unsold, which belonged to the deceased Alexander Robertson, late vintner and innkeeper at Kirkbride, are to be exposed to sale by public roup or auction in the inn at that place, lately possessed by the deceased, pursuant to an order and commission granted by Lord Hailes, Ordinary, to the Commissary Clerk of St Andrews.

The roup will begin on Wednesday the 2nd day of August current, at ten o'clock forenoon, and continue till all be sold off.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

Mrs BOWIE Auctioneer.

TO BE SOLD by auction, in the east corner of Crichton's Street, Edinburgh, upon Tuesday the 21st current, The WHOLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, which belonged to the deceased Mrs Crawford of Ardmillan, consisting of Silver Plate, Mounted Beds, Feather Beds, Bed and Table Linen, Kitchen Furniture, and a variety of other articles.

Such persons as have claims on the heirs of Mrs Crawford will lodge the same, with oaths of verity thereon, in the hands of Andrew Blane writer to the signet.

N. B. The House in which the furniture stands, is to be set and entered to immediately.

Not to be repeated.

FOR SALE by public roup, at the Warehouse of the Wharfing Company of Aberdeen, upon Saturday the 18th of August current, at twelve o'clock mid-day,

FROM six to seven hundred Seal Skins,

mostly of a large size; and also the unexpired Provisions, Stores of the Company's ships on their last voyage, consisting of Beef, Pork, Barley, Cheese, Bread, &c.

And upon Saturday thereafter, the 25th day of August current, there will likewise be sold by public roup, at the same place and hour, 100 Tons WHALE and SEAL OIL, and five Tons WHALE BONE.

For further particulars, apply to James Gibbon merchant in Aberdeen.

A POCKET BOOK LOST.

LOST yesterday morning, between nine and ten o'clock, on the road by the College gate and through Argyle Square, A BLACK LEATHER POCKET BOOK, containing two Twenty Pound Notes, and two Guinea Notes, of Sir William Forbes and Co. and one Ten Pound Note of the Royal Bank. The numbers of the two twenty pound notes are known. A reward of FIVE GUINEAS will be given to the Finder, on returning them to William Lyon, Stabler, Cowgate head.

There were also several Bills and Accounts in the Pocket Book, which can be of no use to any but the owner, as payment is kept.

Edinburgh, 11th August 1787.

ALEX. D'ASTI most respectfully

informs the Public, that he has now printed in the English Language, as advertised in former papers, is now printing—He begs that those Ladies and Gentlemen, who have or mean to honour him with their subscription, will send their names to his house in Pierie's Close, in the Canongate, facing into Cheil's Court; and the copies annexed to them shall be sent as soon as they are printed.

AT ALEXANDER D'ASTI'S ACADEMY.

In Pierie's Close, in the Canongate, facing into Cheil's Court, the following branches of Education are taught, viz.

The French Language in Classes, L. 1 1 0

The German ditto, 2 2 0

Drawing of Flowers and Landscapes, 2 2 0

Fortification, and drafting Plans in colours, 3 3 0

Fencing, 2 5 0

Young Gentlemen intended for the Army are boarded, and superintended in all the branches attending the Military Profession.

At ROBERT JOHNSTON'S,

Front of the Exchange, Edinburgh.

A NEW SUPPLY OF TEAS.

Of an exceeding good quality, at reduced prices—no addition charged for selling SUGARS at prime cost.

The very best DOUBLE SEAL GUNPOWDER, New Patent Shot, Plinths, Powder Flasks, Shot Bags, Fowling Nets, &c.

TICKETS IN THE LOTTERY

Of Jewellery, Toys, and Hardware, at 10 s. and 5 s. each. No BLANKS, ALL PRIZES, the highest being Twenty Pounds.

The adventurers to have their choice of the goods.

It is intreated those who intend to purchase will do it soon, that the drawing may not be delayed.

MAHOGANY, &c.

To be SOLD on Wednesday the 29th current, within the house of Peter Buchanan, vintner in Port-Glasgow, between the hours of twelve and two o'clock mid-day.

ABOUT Seventy Thousand Feet of MAHOGANY of good sizes for Coach-Makers, and nine tons LOG-WOOD in lots, newly imported in the brig Albany, from the Mulqueto Shore.

Also the whole inventory of the brig, and conditions of sale, to be seen in the hands of Mr John Danlop; or Captain David Johnston, Port-Glasgow.

Sale of Whale and Seal Oil at Leith.

TO BE SOLD by public auction, upon Thursday the 30th current, at twelve o'clock noon, at the Greenland Warehouse in the Timber Buik.

About Seventeen Tons and a Half of SEAL OIL, and Thirty-three Tons WHALE OIL, in lots of two tons, more or less as the calls measure, being the produce of ship Raith's fishing this season.

Articles of sale in the hands of THOMAS WALKER, Quality Street, Leith, who will show the oil any time between the day of sale.

To be SOLD by public roup, at Stony Bank, near Muffelburgh, upon Thursday the 23d of August instant,

THE whole Household Furniture, bed

and table linen, silver plate, an eight-day clock, with a chaise and harness; a hay cart, and some farming utensils, with the crop of wheat and barley as it presently stands.

And at Edinburgh, upon Monday the 27th instant, the whole HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, in the house No. 8, Prince's Street, New Town, consisting of bed and table linen, silver plate, an eight-day clock, a large collection of prints, and many other articles.

The roups to begin at eleven o'clock forenoon, and to continue every day, until the whole is sold off.

To be LET immediately, either for the year, or for such a number of years as shall be agreed upon,

THAT HOUSE and well-frequented

SHOP on Bridge-Street, presently possessed by Mrs William Raeburn, perfumer.—For particulars, apply to the proprietor Mr NEWLANDS, at his house, Hay's-court, Portburgh.

INN TO BE LET.

TO BE LET for five years after Whit Sunday next,

THAT elegant, well known, and frequented INN, with the garden, grass parks, &c. in the village of Mid-Caldor, on the great road between Edinburgh and Glasgow, lately possessed by the deceased Thomas Nicolson.

The inn itself consists of one large dining-room, two parlours, four bed-rooms with closets, and four bed-rooms in the attic story, two kitchens and good cellars.—Also another commodious DWELLING-HOUSE on the premises, with stables in proportion, stalls for twenty horses, and other offices, with coach-house, servant's hall, and barn.

Any person inclining to enter into a lease of the premises will apply to William Young writer, at his house, Dunbar's Close, Edinburgh, between the first day of October next.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of JAMES ANDERSON, Merchant and Dealer in Leith.

THE Lords of Council and Session having, on the 26th day of July last, sequestrated the whole real and personal estate of the said James Anderson, and appointed his Creditors to meet at Paisley, within the house of Robert Watt, keeper of the inn called the Abercorn's Inn there, upon the 3d day of August current, to name an interim factor.

The Creditors then met did elect Andrew Dunlop, manufacturer, in Paisley, to be interim factor on the said sequestrated estate; and certain days were, upon the application of the factor, fixed by the Sheriff of Renfrewshire, for examining the bankrupt, as was formerly advertised. And the Creditors did, at same time, appoint a general meeting to be held for choosing a trustee or trustees upon the said estate, on Thursday the 6th day of September 1787, at four o'clock in the afternoon, within the house of John Gibb innkeeper in Paisley.

Intimation is therefore hereby given of said general meeting, in terms of the statute.

Paisley, 15th August 1787.

To the Public.

G. SWAN being determined to begin drawing his LOT: G. TERRY of SILVER PLATE, JEWELLERY, CLOCKS, WATCHES, &c. on Wednesday the 5th of September, once more intrusts all in town and country, who incline to try their fortune with him for this last time, not to lose the present opportunity, as they may never, in all probability, have such an other.—Upon the value and goodness of his prizes he need not expatiate.

The capital ones are, the Silver Tea Pot and Flat; the Eight-day Clock; the two shagreen cases of Silver Spoon and Knife and Fork; Watches, &c. may be seen at his shop by intended adventurers.

As the Tickets are selling very fast, he cannot doubt of their being all disposed of before the drawing, as he is resolved not to retain a single chance in his own hands. He begs his country correspondents to be punctual in sending him their Tickets, on or before the 28th current, but no latter.

Until that period, country adventurers may be supplied with Tickets, by Mr John Menzies, Glasgow; Mr James Gordon, Perth; Mr Alexander Swan, Dundee; Mr Alexander Cunningham, Stirling; Mr Robert Cooper, Kirkcaldy, of whom schemes may still then be also had gratis, as well as at G. Swan's Shop, head of Carribber's Close.

The drawing will be held in Magdalen Chapel, where all concerned may attend.

The Wheels, after the first day's drawing, will be sealed up in presence of the company, till next day, when the whole will be concluded.

WICKSTEED, the original Seal

graver of that name, has finished a NEW DESIGN, which is intended as a Universal Seal for the Honourable Society of Free Masons. He is advised, as the original will be expensive, to open a Subscription Book for gentlemen that approve the original, and have an inclination to have the subject taken off in Mr Jaffe's composition at Five Shillings each. The original Seal is left with Mr Jaffe, where there is a number of subscribers of the first rank. The impression of the original may be seen at Mr William Ainslie's, fiddler, Prince's-Street, Edinburgh; at Mr James Campbell's, fiddler in Glasgow, where the above Wickstead may be heard of; Mr Jaffe in Scotland is uncertain; while here, all orders will be executed in his line as when in Bath, such as Ladies and Gentlemen Likenesses, Arms, Crests, Cyphers, and Landscapes, or any subject for a seal.

TO BE SOLD,

SIX Shares of the Capital Stock of the

Bank of Scotland.—Apply to Francis Anderson, writer to the signet.

WANTED TO BORROW now, or at the term of Martmas next,

FIVE Thousand Pounds Sterling, at 4 per cent. upon undoubted heritable security.

Apply to James Rolfe, writer in Edinburgh.

Meeting of Mr French's Class.

IT is proposed, that the Gentlemen who attended Mr FRENCH's Class at the High School, during the years 1771, 1772, 1773, and 1774, should dine at Bayle's Tavern, on Monday next the 20th inst.

Those who mean to be present are requested to leave their names at Bayle's.—Dinner at four o'clock.

Area West Side Charlotte Square.

INTIMATION to the PUBLIC, by Order of the Right Honourable the Lord Provost, Magistrates, and Council of the City of Edinburgh.

THESE are to intimate, that some time ago an application was made to the Town Council for a fee of two hundred feet in front on the west side of Charlotte Square, under the condition that the houses to be built thereon should be similar in front, ornaments, and elevation to Sir Thomas Dundas's house, and the houses on the north and south of it. This would have been agreed to; but it having occurred that the said area of two hundred feet might possibly be wanted for some public building, the granting of the request was delayed till such time as this matter should be advertised in the Edinburgh newspapers, in the view of giving an opportunity to any person to make a proposal, who may wish to have a public building erected on that area.

The Council intend to take this matter under consideration, and determine thereupon thirty days after this date.

Edinburgh, August 13. 1787.

L O N D O N,

Vienna, July 16. The remarkable occurrences which have given occasion for the sending of troops to the Netherlands, ought to be laid before all Europe. Their Royal Highnesses the Governors General of the Austrian Low Countries, after having exhausted all the means which mildness, moderation, and unexampled patience could dictate; after granting all that was required relative to the ordinances published, found themselves under the necessity, in April last, to send particular accounts of every thing to the Emperor; and the result of mature deliberation upon the situation of affairs in those countries was, that but little hopes, if any, seemed left of matters being settled by moderate means; in consequence of which unhappy appearance of things, requisitorial letters were sent to different Princes of the empire, requesting the passage of 60,000 troops through their territories, offering to pay ready money for all the provisions they may want, and promising that they should observe the strictest discipline. At the same time twelve regiments, cantoned in Bohemia, Austria, Tyrol, &c. were ordered to march, together with four regiments of horse, four companies of cannoniers, and one of pontooners. It is generally thought (notwithstanding the silence of the Court upon the subject) that the Emperor will go in person to the Netherlands, and it is to be hoped his Majesty may devise some means, without bloodshed, of putting an end to the disturbances raised by the obstinacy of the monks, priests, and their fanatic partizans.

PRICES OF GRAIN AT HALDINGHAM August 10.

Wheat, First. Second. Third.

Barley, 21s. 0d. 21s. 0d. 20s. 0d.

Oats, 18s. 0d. 18s. 0d. 16s. 0d.

Peas, 12s. 0d. 12s. 0d. 10s. 0d.



FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE, Aug. 11.
AT the Court at St James's, the 8th of August,
1787.

P R E S E N T.
The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.
THIS day his Royal Highness the Duke of York was, by his Majesty's command, introduced into the Privy Council by the Right Hon. Earl Camden, Lord President, where his Royal Highness took his place at the upper end of the Board, on his Majesty's left hand.

St James's, Aug. 10.
The Duke of York has been pleased to make the following appointments in his Royal Highness's Household, viz.

Major-General Grenville, Comptroller.
Colonel George Hotham, Treasurer.
Colonel Robert Abercromby, Lieutenant-Colonel William Morhead, Captain Charles Craufurd, and Henry Bunbury, Esq; Grooms of the Bedchamber.

Whitehall, Aug. 11.
The King has been pleased, by letters patent under the Great Seal of Great Britain, to erect the province of Nova Scotia into a Bishop's See, and to name and appoint the Reverend Charles Inglis, Doctor in Divinity, to be Bishop of the said See.

Vienna, July 28.
On Thursday morning their Royal Highnesses the Archduke and Duchess of Savoy arrived here in good health.

M A I L S.
Arrived—Leeward Islands, 1.—Lisbon, 1.—France, 1.—Flanders, 1.—Ireland, 4.
Dne.—Holland, 1.—Flanders, 1.

L O N D O N, Aug. 13.

This being the day appointed for the celebration of the birth-day of his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, who enters his twenty-sixth year, the same will be observed at Windsor with every demonstration of joy. There is a Royal dinner and ball at the Castle, to which a select party of nobility and gentry are invited, and the town of Windsor will be illuminated in the evening. In London, the preparations for illuminations are more splendid than on any former occasion; and Brightelmston, the summer residence of his Highness, is not to be behind hand in illuminations, bonfires, &c. &c.

The bells all over the metropolis continued ringing in honour of the Prince of Wales's birth day; which was the only mark of attention that could be shown on account of the Sabbath; from the appearance of the lamps, there will, however, be a splendid illumination this evening.

His Royal Highness yesterday entered into the 26th year of his age.

The Duke of York is to appear at the next York assizes, when he visits his estate in that county, which will consequently thin the town of its fashion and nobility.

The Duke of York is talked of for the head of the army. Prince William Henry, it is probable, will hold the same situation with respect to the navy. By these means we may hope to see professional merit rising in opposition to parliamentary influence.

Friday morning, his Royal Highness the Duke of York appeared again upon the parade in St James's Park, by seven o'clock, where he reviewed the other battalion of the second regiment of guards, who performed their common evolutions before him.

The Duke was attended by a more numerous party of military than before, and descended to the very minutiae of the men in exercising. The Ladies made, as usual, a very great part of the spectators.

After breakfasting at his apartments, the Duke set off for Windsor.

The Princess of Prussia, who is to give her hand to the Duke of York, is said to be one of the most beautiful and accomplished Princesses in Europe. In such an union the superior merit of each party will meet its due reward—that happiness, to which virtue only has a just claim, and virtue only can enjoy. She is daughter of the present King by a former consort, from whom he has been divorced for many years. The late great Monarch saw, at its first dawn, the mutual passion of these congenial souls, and was highly pleased with it.

Saturday the Purser of the Pigot East Indiaman, Captain Ballantyne, came to the India House with advice of the above ship being safe arrived off the Isle of Wight from China. She failed in company with the Berrington from St Helena.

Saturday morning, the Purser of the Berrington came to the India House with the agreeable news of her safe arrival, the 10th inst. off St Alban's Head, from Madras.

The Berrington left Madras the 2d of March—arrived at St Helena the 21st of June, and failed from thence the 29th, where she left the Company's ships Ponthorne, Earl of Oxford, Middlesex, and General Goddard; the latter was to fail the evening of the 29th, so that her arrival may be hourly expected. The Berrington spoke with the Pigot off Falmouth the 8th instant; and the Ranger packet the 9th.

Passengers arrived in the Berrington:
Sir John Macpherson, Lieutenant-Colonel Murray,
Col. Macpherson, Major Rawlstone,
Clode, Anderson,
Anderson, Griffiths,
Capt. Welch, Mr William Jackson,
Gordon, Mr Griffiths.

The Rockingham and Fort William had failed from St Helena for England.

We are sorry to acquaint our readers with the disagreeable intelligence of the loss of the Hartwell, in her passage to China, the 24th of May, on a reef of rocks, three leagues N. E. of Bona Vista, one of the Cape de Verd islands; which circumstance, it is said, was chiefly owing to the mutinous disposition of the crew, who behaved in the most disorderly manner four days previous to the accident.—The crew were saved.

This was the Hartwell's first voyage. She was

a remarkable fine ship of 937 tons burden, and was richly laden with dollars for the China market.

Further particulars of the loss of the Hartwell Indiaman:—

The mutinous disposition of the Hartwell's crew manifested itself very soon after they sailed from England, and is said to have been occasioned by a piratical inclination to possess themselves of a very large quantity of specie that was on board, for the purpose of purchasing teas at the place of destination.

The Captain and the greater part of the ship's company had the good fortune to save themselves on a reef of rocks, three leagues north-east of Bona Vista.

Mr Jackson, one of the mates, with the remainder of the crew, arrived, after beating about for 16 days, much fatigued, in a state approaching famine, at St Vincent's.

Captain Fiott arrived in town yesterday, in a Portuguese vessel, which he had hired for the purpose of coming to England, with his purser, some other officers, and a part of the crew. Mr Fiott the first mate, a relation of the Captain's, and the sixth mate, remain at Bona Vista, where the mutineers are kept in safe custody by the Portuguese till an opportunity offers of conveying them to England. The value of the property on board the Hartwell was very large; 150,000 l. sterling; cafes of jewellery to at least the same value, and the entire cargo of the Belvidere, which lost her passage.

The loss of the Hartwell Indiaman, by a mutiny, will probably urge the Directors of the India Company to apply for an act of Parliament for the better regulation of their sailors. Unless they are put on the same footing with sailors in the King's ships, accidents like the above mentioned cannot be wondered at.

Material inconveniencies having arisen to British adventurers on their goods arriving in the ports of France, where they have been for a considerable time prevented from passing to the interior parts of the country for which they were destined, in consequence of the difficulty of proving them to be the produce of his Majesty's dominions in Europe, particularly British made calicoes and muslins, which in many instances cannot be distinguished from the produce of India; we conceive that, in publishing the subsequent letter, recently addressed to the Commissioners of the Customs, an important piece of information will be communicated to our merchants, as the means of removing every difficulty is clearly pointed out:

GENTLEMEN,

Having laid before the Lords Commissioners of his Majesty's Treasury, a letter from Mr Fawcener, dated 18th inst. acquainting their Lordships, that the Lords of the Committee of Council for Trade, having taken into consideration the manner of carrying into execution the several stipulations contained in the third article of the Treaty of Commerce with France, are of opinion, that, for the present, orders should be given to the proper officers at each port to grant, in conformity to the third article of the said treaty, and until the mark to be worn by the goods, a certificate on the exportation of any calicoes or white muslins to France, declaring that they were fabricated in his Majesty's European dominions; and also in cases where marks are already prescribed, that they are furnished with the marks so prescribed, to distinguish such goods from those which come from other countries, on the exporter producing an affidavit made before a Magistrate, in which such exporter or manufacturer shall swear that the goods were so fabricated, and marked, as the case may require; I am commanded by their Lordships to direct you to give the necessary orders to your officers for that purpose.

I am, Gentlemen,
Your most obedient servant,
(Signed) **GEORGE ROSE.**

Treasury Chambers.
Addressed—To the Hon. the Commissioners of the Customs.

The establishment of Consuls, which has been for some time in agitation between France and England, is near being settled to the accommodation of both countries. The difficulty of adjustment lay in the privileges hitherto enjoyed by the French Consuls, such as exemption from arrest, &c. which were incompatible with our laws. The term now, we hear, is to be abolished, and the word agent to be adopted; nearly with the investiture of the same powers, but personally subject to the laws of the country where they shall reside.

In the establishment of commercial Consuls, it is hoped the Minister will take a hint from the office of that name among the Romans, and appoint two to each situation, that the one may be a check upon the other.

This day arrived a mail from the Leeward Islands, brought to Falmouth by the Duke of Cumberland packet, Captain Duke, in 33 days. Also a mail from Lisbon, brought to ditto by the Expedition packet, Captain Dalwood, in 18 days.

The Utrecht Gazettes and letters which should have arrived by the Dutch mail on Monday last, came with Friday's mail; it appears the reason they were not sent in proper time, was owing to the gates of that town being shut, and the garrison ready for defence, in consequence of expecting an immediate attack.

This expectation arose from an uncommon noise and smoke in the Stadtholder's camp; however, it proved afterwards to be occasioned by the blowing up of a church at Amersfort, wherein was deposited a great quantity of military stores belonging to the Stadtholderian troops. The accident happened through the indifference of a bombardier, who was employed in filling bombs, and by endeavouring to cut the tube with a hanger, it struck against the iron of the shell, and a spark caught the contents, which communicating to the rest, did considerable damage, the church being nearly a heap of rubbish; great quantities of stores are lost, and eighteen men killed.

The versatility in the Councils of Holland was never more clearly apparent than at the present time.

The States of that province are literally doing and undoing; several officers have been lately discharged from their posts, whom but a few weeks before they had distinguished as being the most fit for their service, and likely to carry their orders into execution. This unsteadiness in the Cabinet forbodes but poorly to the execution in the tented field.

The Empress of Russia is arrived at Moscow from Cherson, where she will remain a short time, and afterwards return to Petersburg. It will then be seen what part (for she cannot be an idle spectator) Russia will take in the affairs of Holland. However distant, Russia must have something to say upon the business of the Dutch troubles.

Particular letters from Bruxelles mention, that every thing is in movement in Brabant and Flanders; that even the people in convents are learning the use of arms. The peasants likewise running by hundreds to become soldiers at Bruxelles. The armed Burgeses already amount to 600 horse and 300 foot, armed and clothed in uniforms.

Letters from Spain, of the 6th and 8th of July, mention the death of Marcus Bagot, Esq; Lieutenant General in the armies of his Catholic Majesty, at the Castle of Saragossa, in Arragon, of which city and province he was Governor. His Excellency was a native of the county of Kildare, and is said to have been immensely rich. He was the oldest officer in Spain, being 93, wanting a few days, at his decease.

This day the Speaker of the House of Commons will issue his warrant to the Clerk of the Crown to make out a new writ for the election of a member for the borough of Calne, in Wiltshire, in the room of the late Alderman Townsend.

We are happy to inform our readers, that the whole surplus of the public revenues, after completing the million for paying off the public debt, amounted, on the 5th of July last, to 990,000 l. during the foregoing year.

Nothing can show more clearly the manifold advantages of Mr Pitt's plan for paying off the national debt, than the following authentic statement of the Stocks. There have been already bought up by the Commissioners,

Three per Cent. Consols,	L. 483,050
Reduced Annuities,	329,400
Old South Sea,	291,900
New South Sea,	180,650
South Sea 1751,	58,100

Total 1,343,100

The Sultan of Mocco, whose territories lie on the north-east coast of the bay of Bengal, has lately caused Mr Nevin, the Resident at Bantale, from the East India Company, and all his family, to be murdered. There had subsisted, some time preceding, a great animosity between this Prince and Mr Nevin, the grounds of which were, his not permitting the Sultan's people to buy rice, and punishing those who sold it. It is the first transaction of the kind which ever happened on that coast.

Mr Halifax, the Resident at Atcheen, died there lately.

A most valuable discovery has been lately made in China, a dye so very necessary as to be in universal demand throughout Europe, and so very dear as to be worth its weight in gold. This insect is found in great abundance in almost every part of the Carnatic near the sea, and promises to yield a very rich article of commerce.

By a letter from Hyderabad, in the East Indies, we are informed, that a mutiny had spread among the Nizam's troops. The particulars have not come to our knowledge, but the cause we understand is the great arrears of pay which was due to them—the common spring of sedition among the troops in Hindostan.

No business done this day at 'Change.
WIND AT DEAL, Aug. 12. W. N. W.

EDINBURGH.

Monday last, was married here, Mr Joseph Norris, writer in Edinburgh, to Miss Catherine Campbell, youngest daughter of the deceased Dr Patrick Campbell, late physician in Wigtown.

Died at Perth, the 11th of August, the Hon. Mrs Charlotte Nairne, daughter of William Lord Nairne, and relict of John Robertson of Lude, Esq;

On Sunday last, died at Makerston, Lady Hay Makdougall, widow of the late Sir George Hay Makdougall of Makerston, Baronet.

Upon the 10th August instant, died at Ednam-house, Kelfo, Mrs Dickson, relict of James Dickson of Ednam, Esq;

Mrs Janet Williamson, spouse of Mr Thomas Alves writer in Edinburgh, died here on Friday the 10th current.

Died, after a few days illness, at Black River, Jamaica, on the 3d of June last, Captain John Campbell, Master of the ship Euphrates of Glasgow.

On the 9th of June, died at Alexandria in Virginia, Mr James Mitchell, merchant, late of Glasgow.

Sunday, being the anniversary of the birthday of his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, Monday was observed as a holiday at the Banks and other public offices, and the music bells were set a-ringing most part of the day. In the afternoon, his Highness's household and servants, dined together in Fortune's, where a very sumptuous entertainment was prepared, and where game of all kinds appeared in great abundance. The utmost cordiality and conviviality prevailed; and the company departed at a late hour, highly pleased with their entertainment and each other.

On Saturday last, the Court of Session passed an act of federant for the better regulating the form of proceedings in the Bill Chamber, and in the Outer-house. By this act the business of the Court will be more quickly dispatched; and in order to save expence to parties in small causes, they are in certain events to be remitted to the inferior judges.

When the fire, which some time ago broke out at the back of Bels wynd, and by its great violence

threatened to endanger the Parliament house, where all the ancient Records of the kingdom are kept, a hint was thrown out in this paper, how necessary it would be for those concerned in finishing the Register office to have that building completed without loss of time, in order that the country might not be again alarmed by a similar calamity. It must give pleasure to the Public at large to be informed, that this great work is now fit for the reception of these invaluable records. For several days past, the Keepers of the Laigh Parliament House, whose assiduity in business is universally acknowledged, have been unremittingly employed in removing them; but we do not hear of any movement having taken place in the different offices belonging to the Clerks of Session. The papers contained in these offices, though not so ancient or so valuable, are still of the utmost importance to the country, particularly to those who are litigants before the supreme Court. This delay, however, may be owing to the recent rising of the Court, which, perhaps, has put it out of the power of those acting under the Principal Clerks, to begin this necessary operation at the same time with the Keepers of the Laigh Parliament House. It cannot, it is to be hoped, proceed from the apartments allotted for their reception not being yet finished.

Tuesday last, Alexander Grindlay was committed to the Tolbooth, by warrant of the Magistrates. He lately came over a servant in the Prince William Henry Packet, Captain Sharp, from New York to England, and is suspected to have carried off a bag of money to the value of about six hundred pounds sterling. By the information transmitted to this place, he left the packet at Falmouth, and went to Exeter in June last, and from thence to London, and was supposed to have gone to Edinburgh or the neighbourhood. In consequence of this intelligence, and a description of his person, he was apprehended here the day after he entered to possession of a house which he had taken in the town. There were found in his custody, when taken up, bills and other vouchers of cash, to the amount of about 470 l. which, upon his examination before the Magistrates, he could give but a very lame account how he came by.

On Saturday night, about five o'clock, a gardener going home from Edinburgh was attacked near the Frigate Whins by a man who demanded his money; but, on some people coming in sight, he got off.

Monday, as some men were digging at the new buildings at Bunker's Hill, a bank of earth fell in upon one of them, and bruised him in a shocking manner. He was carried to the Royal Infirmary.

The Six Brothers is arrived at Leith from Greenland, with one large fish, and 35 butts of blubber, besides seals.

The Grampus, Balfour, with five fish, belonging to Leith, is also arrived.

The Countess of Hopetoun of Queensferry is arrived from Greenland with one fish.

Tuesday the Trades-House of Glasgow voted five per cent. of their capital, which will amount to about 400 l. sterling, towards erecting an Infirmary in that city.

The Right Rev. Lady Catherine Bellingham presented Mr William Watson, preacher of the gospel, late assistant at Collington, to the vacant church of Biggar, in the presbytery of Biggar.

Last week, at Aberdeen, a rider from a house in England had his pocket picked of his pocket book, containing 150 l. in notes, and bills to the amount of 140 l. and on a precognition being taken, and strong presumption of guilt appearing against the waiters of the tavern where he lodged, they were committed to prison.

Monday, one of the fishing vessels belonging to Aberdeen arrived there from the Iceland fishing, with about six thousand cod. The master reports, that the fishing has not been so successful as last year, owing to the tempestuous weather.

Two men were apprehended at Perth, on suspicion of robbing the north mail; but, on examination, no circumstances of guilt appeared against them.

On the trial of Elizabeth Jones, at Durham, for burglary, one of the jury suddenly dropt down as if dead, in consequence of which the trial was stopped; and, to his disgrace, he was found in a state of intoxication:—On which the learned judge (Lord Loughborough) gave him a very severe reprimand, and fined him 20 l. The woman was tried a second time on the same indictment, and found guilty: but her case was left to the opinion of the twelve judges.

A fine vein of that valuable mineral called cobalt, has lately been discovered in the neighbourhood of Kewick. It bears a perfect resemblance to that distinguished by the Germans by the name of *Kupfer nickel*, being very heavy and hard, and of a granulated structure. Some pieces of it have undergone a chemical analysis, and yield a large portion of Bismuth; it is more striated than that usually found on Mendip-hills, in Cornwall, and consequently approaches nearer to the quality of the German ore, which is the best.—Nature appears to have been as bountiful as sportive in forming that part of this island; the first *brass* was found there in the year 1561, which is recorded by Camden (in his history of Queen Elizabeth) in the following words:—“And God, as if he favoured that the undertook, discovered a most rich vein of pure and native brass, near Kewick in Cumberland.”

His Grace the Duke of Northumberland has sent to the High Sheriff of Northumberland 200 l. to be by him disposed of towards the release of poor persons confined in Morpeth goal for small debts; also 100 l. to the Sheriff of Newcastle for the same truly benevolent and humane purpose, towards those confined in the goal there.

On Sunday last, the congregation in St John's Church, York, were favoured with an extraordinary performance. A child from Riccall, under 12 years of age, having got by heart that excellent system of religion, lately published, under the title of *The Christian Scheme*, rehearsed it in that church, to the entire satisfaction of the audience, who were equally delighted with the important truths delivered

and the child's correct and pretty manner of doing it. Although the rehearsal took up near the quarters of an hour, she was never once at a fault, but went through the whole with the greatest ease and accuracy.

Brandy and Geneva are now sold in Guernsey for the anker, nine gallons and a half.

On Sunday evening there is to be a SERMON preached in the New English Chapel in the Cow-rose, by the Rev. Mr. Cleave. The collection to be appropriated towards the relief of prisoners confined in small debts.

LITERARY PROPERTY CONTINUED.

In our last we stated the particulars of the question respecting Cecilia, or rather the title-page of that book. We now lay before our readers, the substance of the argument with respect to the property of Blackstone's Commentaries.

The pursuers claim to the different volumes of this work was founded on separate grounds. The book had been printed in four distinct volumes, each of which was published at different intervals of time. The author had survived the statutory term of fourteen years from the publication of the first volume; the expiry of which the act says, the "right shall return to the author, if he is then alive, for another term of fourteen years." The pursuers therefore contended, that as the author had assigned that renewed right to them, they had the exclusive right of printing that volume during the remainder of the second term of fourteen years. Sir William

Edwards before the expiry of the first fourteen years of any of the other volumes; so the pursuers could have no right to any of these by assignment. But they claimed an exclusive right of property in the last three volumes, on the ground of their having received from the author various additions, alterations, and corrections, which they had printed in the 6th edition of the work, and likewise on certain notes added by Dr Burn; which edition being entered by them in Stationers Hall, secured to them the full property of the first volume, and the property at least of all the additions, alterations, and notes, contained in the other three volumes.—And, in support of their argument, two cases were mentioned; the one, *Tonson versus Walker*, for printing Newton's *Milton*; the other, *Mason versus Murray*, for Gray's *Poems*.

It was, on the other hand, maintained by the defenders, with respect to the first volume, "That although the last clause of the statute (which was an addition made in the House of Peers) gave a second term of fourteen years to an author, in case he survived the first term; yet it gave him no power to assign such right, which was merely personal to himself.—That this was plain, from considering the former clauses of the act. In the case of books printed before the statute, "the author or purchaser (i. e. the author or his assignee) was to have the sole right of printing for twenty-one years." With respect to books not then published, it is enacted, "That the author, or his assignee or assigns, shall have the sole right of printing, &c. for fourteen years, and no longer." But, in the last clause of the act, the right is made to return only to the author.

Had it not, therefore, been for the last clause of the statute, both the author and assignee's right would have ended with the first fourteen years. But as there is no return of right in favour of assignees, but only of the author, assignees seem to be plainly excluded. Indeed, it would be strange, that the statute should take the right from the assignees, in whom it was vested, in order to give it to the author, merely that the author might give it back again to these very assignees, whom it had, in a former clause, expressly secluded. This right or liberty of sole printing and publishing a book, is not a real property, and is in its nature incommunicable, unless made otherwise by special authority.—Many instances were given of similar rights. A lease cannot be assigned without a special clause to that purpose. A license to kill game is not assignable. "The whole of this exclusive right of publishing books (says Judge Yates) is a mere action, or right of bringing an action, which is not an assignable property." It is also a little extraordinary for the pursuers to found on the entry of the ninth edition of this book, when the act of Queen Anne expressly points out, that the entry shall be made before the first publication.

As to the alterations and corrections of the author, they are very inconsiderable; for the most part merely typographical errors, or the change of one synonymous word for another. It is believed there hardly ever was a book of the same size and variety of matter, which has not undergone more alterations in a new edition. The book consists of no less than two thousand pages; yet there is not half a sheet of new matter altogether; the whole being comprised in less than four 4to pages of print.—There are even many sheets on which there is not a single alteration. If the author or printer of a book has fallen into any errors, it is his duty to correct them; and instead of making a property of his errors, he ought rather to apologize for them. But, agreeably to the pursuers' argument, the more inaccurately an author wrote, or a printer published, the better title he had to a prolongation of his copyright. This would be giving encouragement to inaccuracy and ignorance; it would be creating a monopoly in favour of blunders. An author may be under the necessity of retracting errors—amending faults—supplying omissions—or correcting the press;—he may disapprove and be ashamed of many things he has published; and would he wish that all the errors, both of himself and printer, should be reprinted and propagated, under the pretence that the corrections are property; and therefore that bookellers at large can only publish his original and imperfect work? In making these corrections too, the author is doing a material piece of injustice to the publishers of the first edition of his work, unless he prints these alterations separately for their behoof, and furnish them with copies gratis. Two bills were brought in, and passed the House of Commons, to prevent this abuse; one in 1734-5, the other in 1736-7; by the last of which, authors ne-

glecting to print their alterations separately, were not only to lose the copy-right of their book, but likewise to forfeit the sum of 50 l.; so far was the Legislature from countenancing the doctrine now maintained by the pursuers.

The two cases stated by the pursuers do not apply to the present question. Newton's Prefaces and Life of Milton would make a volume by themselves; and his notes exceed two or three times at least the size of the text. In Murray's edition of Gray's Poems, there were three or four New Poems, that were never formerly published. These, though short, might be considered as so many distinct books, and might be entered in Stationers Hall accordingly. Had Newton or Gray only made a few alterations in the words or lines of their own works a new property would not have been thereby created.

It was asked by the pursuers, Where is the line to be drawn? and how is it to be ascertained what alterations or additions shall, or not, be considered as a new property? This is not so difficult a matter as the pursuers contend. "The author of a book or books" to whom the exclusive right is given by statute, is he who has composed the principal part of that book or volume; not the corrector of a comma or word, or the writer even of a few notes. The penalties are given for every sheet; but not for words, lines, or sentences. Any thing less than a sheet is supposed to be beneath the notice of the Legislature.

But, according to the pursuers' argument, the printing a single line, or word, or letter, or comma, is the same as printing a whole sheet of original matter, and will subject to the same penalty, even tho' it may be only a necessary correction of a blunder either of the author or printer. Authors now will never print errata or corrigenda at the end of their works; they will keep them in petto till a new edition of their book becomes necessary, when, by making these corrections in their proper places, they will acquire a new property in their whole work.

The importance of these alterations and corrections of Blackstone will best appear from the author's own contract with the pursuers. He there takes them bound, that for every such altered edition they shall give him a number of copies, not exceeding ten, which might cost the pursuers about six or eight pounds; but which copies, in the present case, he could never ask, as he died long before the publication; so that the pursuers have all these alterations for nothing, by which they wish to constitute a property to themselves of at least a thousand pounds. The priority of sale is more than an indemnification to any author for making any alterations of this sort.

As to Burn's notes, there are only nine in whole, viz. four in the first volume, and five in the last; and being mere quotations from the acts of Parliament, which any person may quote as well as he, none of their Lordships were disposed to pay the smallest attention to them.

It was further observed for the defenders, that laws which restrain the natural rights of mankind, bridge the common law, or confer monopolies, more especially when attended with penalties, ought not to be enforced. A penal statute ought to be clear. It ought not to require five minutes' argument to show whether the case is within the statute or not.

The Lords found, that the pursuers had not only a property in the first volume, but also in the emendations by the author; and remitted to the Lord "Ordinary to hear parties how far, and to what extent, the penalties of the act of Queen Anne may or can be applied to the printing of the other three volumes."

Council for the pursuers, Mr Robert Blair, Mr Frazer Tytler, and Mr William Stewart; agent, Mr John Tawle. Council for the defenders, The Lord Advocate, Hon. Dean of Faculty, and Mr Charles Hope; agent, Mr John Pear.

Extract of a letter from Minnibie, Aug. 14.

"Sunday being the anniversary of the birth-day of his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, yesterday Alexander Ferguson of Craigdarroch, Esq; advocate, one of his Royal Highness's Commissioners for Scotland, convened all the gentlemen in this neighbourhood to celebrate the nativity of his Royal Highness. A very numerous and respectable company assembled at the house of Robert Gordon innkeeper, from whence they went to the cross, preceded by music, and drank many returns of his Royal Highness's birth-day, the King, the Queen, and all the other illustrious branches of the Royal Family, amidst the acclamations of a great crowd of people. The company then returned to the inn, where they spent the evening with that patriotic mirth and glee which such an occasion naturally excites."

Extract of a letter from Glasgow, Aug. 13.

"Thursday night, a man, in his way home to Anderson, to avoid the storm, took refuge in a house at the head of Jamaica-street; and after remaining there a considerable time, again set out; but instead of going straight forward, it is supposed he went down Jamaica-street, and from the extreme darkness of the night, and the tremor he was in, had gone over the pier near the New Bridge, as he was found dead there next morning.

"Archibald Macewan heel-maker in Glasgow, Jean Miller his wife, and Andrew Wardrope weaver in the Rottenrow, all habit and repute common thieves, were lately apprehended at Falkirk, and incarcerated in Stirling prison for robbing a gentleman of this city of upwards of 40 l. and his silver snuff-box. In consequence of a petition from the procurator fiscal to the Magistrates, they were brought to this place on Tuesday last, and safely lodged in goal.

"Wednesday, Margaret Mackellar and Catharine Macfarlane were imprisoned in the tolbooth here, by warrant of the Sheriff, on suspicion of having been concerned in the murder of Catharine Clark at Kelvinide, on the 21st ult. After a pre-cognition being taken by the Sheriff, suspicion also fell upon one Timothy Lane, soldier in the 39th regiment of

foot, at that time on an out-party at Beith. War-rant being granted for apprehending him, he was accordingly brought to town on Saturday night under a strong guard, and lodged in prison.—Lane is the fourth who now stands charged of committing the above murder."

Extract of a letter from Whitehaven, Aug. 7.

"Tuesday last, the President, Benn, arrived here from Greenland, with six fish, the largest of which is near nine feet long; and the next in size near eight feet. She has also twenty seals. The President left the ice the 10th of July.

"To those who are unacquainted with the nature of the Greenland fishery, it may not be altogether nugatory to observe, that the first-mentioned fish, after being struck by the harpoon, dived under a piece of ice, (generally called a *flaw*) and eleven lines were run out (one mile and a half in length) before it was taken. The dimensions of the fish are, length 46 feet, girth 24, breadth of the tail 15 feet, and the blubber was 11 inches thick.

"The President also brought home the skin of a bear, which they killed on the 23d of June, and which measured, from the ear to the end of the tail, 6 feet 9 inches; length of the head, 1 foot 2 inches; the girth, 5 feet 5 inches; circumference of the fore legs, 1 foot 9 inches each; from the top of the shoulder to the end of the paw, 4 feet 4 inches; and the breadth of the paw was 7 inches."

Extract of a letter from Newcastle, Aug. 6.

"A few weeks ago, arrived in this town, on his way for Edinburgh, the great divine and moral philosopher, Dr Katerfelto, from London. Since his arrival, he has lectured here to many crowded houses, with unbounded applause, and has shewn a great variety of uncommon and useful philosophical experiments, which are beyond all description wonderful. This great philosopher and astronomer is a fellow of the Royal Society, as well as a member of the Society of Arts and Sciences, and a very great favourite of their Majesties, being one of the first philosophers in the three kingdoms. The Ladies and Gentlemen of this town have paid him more honour, and give him greater encouragement than what has been given to any performer in a public character for these many years; and they all say, it is no more than what that truly great philosopher is entitled to, having made so many useful discoveries in London, for these many years, in astronomy, philosophy, and other mathematical arts."

We hear, that the above great divine and moral philosopher, who has been so long wished for by the Ladies and Gentlemen of Edinburgh, is expected to lecture here in a short time, as he now exhibits at the town-hall of Berwick to very crowded houses, with universal applause.

Surgeons Hall, Edin. Aug. 1. 1787.

The Royal College of Surgeons understanding that Mr James Towers, House-Surgeon in the Royal Infirmary, has received an invitation to settle in Glasgow; and being willing to testify the sense they have of his merit and professional knowledge, have voted him their Diploma, which they authorize the Clerk to present to him.

Extracted by
WILL. BALDERSTON, Clk.
REFORM

INTERNAL GOVERNMENT OF THE ROYAL BOROUGH.

YESTERDAY the General Convention of Delegates for Reform met here, in the Hall of the Society for Propagating Christian Knowledge.

Mr GRAHAM of Gartmore took his place as *Preses*, and Mr EWAN of Aberdeen as *Secretary*.

The Meeting was numerous and respectable; there being near one hundred Delegates present, some of whom had travelled above 200 miles.—The room of the Society Hall being too small for their accommodation, they meet this day in the Magdalen Chapel.

The Delegates yesterday dined together at the Black Bull Tavern, when many loyal and constitutional toasts were drank, among which were the following:

The King and Constitution.
The Prince of Wales and Family.
The Constitutional Society of England.
All the Friends of Liberty.
Borough Reform, and success to it.
The Friends of Borough Reform in both Houses of Parliament.

May the Minister of the People be the Minister of the Crown.

May every Minister of Great Britain lend a willing ear to the grievances of the People.

May the Civil Liberties of England be soon extended to Scotland.

Many distinguished characters, known friends of Reform, were also seated with every mark of cordiality and respect, among whom were the following:

Richard Brinley-Sheridan, Esq; the mover of the Borough Reform in the House of Commons.
The Right Hon. Charles-James Fox.
Duke of Norfolk.
Duke of Portland.
Duke of Manchester.
Earl of Stanhope.
Earl of Selkirk.
Duke of Richmond.
Lord Maitland.

Lord Gardenstone.

Mr Grey, Member for Northumberland.

Mr Lambton, Member for the city of Durham.

Mr Courtney, Member of Parliament.

The Noblemen and Gentlemen, Members of the Committee of Reform at London.

The Hon. Henry Esdaile, Dean of Faculty, &c. &c.

Some public bodies, who had taken a distinguished part in the business of Reform, were also remembered, such as The Trades House of Glasgow.

The Town Councils of Stirling, Dunfermline, and all the other Town Councils and Comptons, who have had public spirit enough to support the cause of Liberty and Reform, &c.

Nor did the Meeting forget the amiable Mr Howard, and the Friends of the distressed.

Anecdote.—Some time ago a remarkably short field preacher mounted the rostrum in a certain tabernacle, and declared, "that he himself was the 'light of the gospel'." "Are you, by G—d," says a sailor, who had strayed into this place of worship by accident, "then it is high time to put you on a *save-all*, or we shall soon be in darkness."

The parish clerk of U—, in the north of England, whose name was *Nathan*, rented a piece of land, which he set with potatoes, in the same close

where one *David* had potatoes growing. At the time of getting them up, *Nathan* harboured very strong suspicions that *David* made too free with some of his potatoes. Meeting with *David* one day, he accused him of the theft, telling him positively "He was the man," and upon *David's* denying it, *Nathan* told him that he might expect to hear further about it from the parson of the parish: It happened a few Sundays after, that *David* went to church (a place he very seldom frequented) when the clergyman happened to take the following text, "And *Nathan* said unto *David*, *Thou art the Man*."—*David* hearing this, and recollecting that *Nathan* had made use of some such like words, stepped out of his seat in a great hurry, marched up the aisle towards the pulpit, and, making a low bow, begun as follows:—"Ey, measter; *Nathan* dud say sooa, to be sear; bu' a's o d—n'd leear; a floal nounc o' his taries; marry dudn't a'."

Thermometer and Barometer since our last:

Monday, Aug. 13. 8 o'clock;	P. M.	58	29.78
Tuesday, — 14. 8 —	A. M.	60	29.56
— 8 —	P. M.	62	29.5
Wednesday, — 15. 8 —	A. M.	63	29.5
— 8 —	P. M.	57	29.52
Thursday, — 16. 8 —	A. M.	61	29.52

REPORT of the Quantities of Meal brought into the Meal Market of Edinburgh, with the Prices at which it sold, Aug. 14. 1787.

Lothian oat-meal,	112	bolts.
South Country ditto,	90	
Best Lothian oat-meal sold at	17	9
Second ditto,	17	6
Third ditto,	17	0
Best South Country ditto,	17	9
Second ditto,	17	6
Third ditto,	16	9
Best meal sold by retail at	1	14
Second ditto,	1	1
Third ditto,	1	1

ORKNEY SHIPPING.

Sailed from Stromness.

August 3. Jannet of and from Irvine, Alexander, for Long-

found, in ballast.

Success of and from Belfast, M'Calpin, for Gotten-

burgh, in ditto.

Moas of and for Shields, Jublin, from David's Straits,

with blubber.

Remain,

Ruffel of and from St Andrew's, Wallace, for Eastdale.

Liddel of Maryport, Foster, from Whitehaven, for

Hull, with flax.

Newcastle of Leith, M'Intosh, from Liverpool, for

Kirkwall, in ballast.

Kirkham of and from Maryport, Tolson, for Carron,

with iron ore.

Expedition of and from Berwick, Thomson, for Eastdale.

Queen of Shields, Smart, from Riga, for Dublin, with

hemp and flax, &c.

Ellen and Ann of and for Campbellton, Blue, from

Dantzick, with pot ashes and plank, &c.

Dafney of and for Dundee, Renard, from Eastdale,

with flax.

Wells of and from Whitehaven, Redrey, for Hull,

Jean and Mary of Shields, Rowal, from —, for

Dublin, with deals.

ARRIVED AT GRANGEMOUTH,

Aug. 10. Fortuna, Steendam, from Ch. Iliana, with deals.

Peggy, Oconocher, from Peterburgh, with sundries.

Jean, Ferrier, from —, for Glasgow, with ditto.

Borrowstowness, Auld, for ditto, with ditto.

11. Kirkham, Tuffall, from Whitehaven, with iron ore.

12. Linn Packet, from —, with —.

Elizabeth, Patrick, from Wick, with oats.

ARRIVED AT LEITH:

Aug. 13. Thomas and Sally, Christie, from Ipswich, grain.

Two Sisters, Paideron, from Eastrezer, with wood.

14. Peggy, Milne, from Portlory, with grain.

Ellick, Clark, from Gottenburgh, with deals and iron.

Morning Star, Youl, from ditto, with ditto.

Six Brothers, Ferguson, from Greenland, with one fish.

15. Grampus, Balfour, from ditto, with 5 fish and 14 seals.

16. Hawk, Spence, from Boston, with grain.

Ann, Notman, from North Berwick, with grain.

Betty, Robertson, from Berwick, with grain.

Sailed,

Star, Ritchie, for Dondon, with goods.

Lands in Linlithgowshire

TO BE SOLD.

THE Lands of MOSHALL, REDHEUGH, and LATCHBRAE, all lying contiguous, upon both sides of the great road from Edinburgh to Glasgow, by Whiteburn, nineteen miles west from Edinburgh. They consist of above 200 English acres, all arable, holding of a subject superior for a trifling fee-duty, and all inclosed with hedge and ditch. The rent when last in lease, was above 200 l. Sterling.—Upon the premises there is a small manor, of six fire rooms, with proper offices; most agreeably situated, at a proper distance from the high road, commanding a pleasant view of the country, and surrounded with a considerable quantity of old and young planting, in a thriving condition. There are several seams of coal in the ground which were never wrought. The lands can be improved at a cheap rate, as there is plenty of coal and lime in the neighbourhood.

The purchaser may enter to the possession of the whole lands at Martinmas next; and if he chuses, may retain two thirds of the price.

For particulars enquire at Mr John Johnston, writer in Bathgate; or James Forman writer to the signet, in whose hands the title-deeds will be seen.

Henry Mill at Blackburn-bridge, adjoining to the lands, will show them.

Sale of the Estate of Ballogoe.

To be SOLD by public roup, on Wednesday the 22d day of August next, at five o'clock afternoon, within the house of Joseph Mitchell, vintner in Aberdeen,

THE Lands and Estate of BALLOGOE, formerly called TILLESNAUGHT, comprehending the Lands of MARYWELL and TORQUHILLACHY, the Mill of Cattie with the Maltures thereof, and particularly the Maltures of the estate of Balnacraig situate thereto, with the Salmon Fishings and ferry boat on the river of Dee, belonging to the said lands, and whole mooses, pasturages, and extensive privileges of the same; all lying in the parish of Birs, and county of Aberdeen. The yearly free rent whereof, after deducting public burdens, and valuing the Mains, in the proprietor's own possession, only at the rent it gave when formerly let to a tenant, is 169 l. 3 s. Sterling, exclusive of the sale of Wood. These lands consist of about 1742 Scots acres, whereof there are above 350 covered with valuable and thriving woods of Birch, Fir, Oak, Ash, Elm, and other timber trees, of which a yearly sale can be made to a considerable amount, and there is in the ground abundance of limestone and excellent marl. There is also a near and commodious Mansion-house, with variety of offices, and a good garden, all pleasantly situated. The Estate holds feu of the Crown, and entitles the proprietor to a vote for a member of Parliament.

The plan, rental, and title-deeds thereof, with the conditions of sale, will be shown by James Strachan, advocate in Aberdeen; and any persons inclining to view the premises, may apply to James Middleton at Ballogoe.

Preservation of Game.

THE Guardians of the COUNTESS of LOUDOUN being resolved to preserve the GAME on her estates in the shire of Ayr, hope that no qualified person will shoot on them without liberty from a quorum of the tutors.

The game-keepers and tenants are directed to watch the mairs, and inform against all poachers and unqualified persons, who will be punished as the law directs.

G A M E. COUNTY OF EDINBURGH.

THE NOBLEMEN and GENTLEMEN of the Association for the Preservation of the Game and Prosecution of Poachers within this county, viz.

The Duke of Buccleugh,
The Marquis of Lothian,
The Earl of Dalhousie,
The Earl of Lauderdale,
Lord Maitland,
Lord Somerville,
Lord President,
Sir Archibald Hope of Pinkie, Baronet,
Sir William Augustus Cunningham of Livingston, Bart.
Sir John Clark of Pennycook, Baronet,
Sir John Inglis of Cramond, Baronet,
Henry Dundas, Esq; of Melville,
Robert Dundas, Esq; Solicitor General,
Robert Hepburn, Esq; of Clerkington,
William Ramsay, Esq; of Barnton,
Thomas Trotter, Esq; of Mortenhill,
John Wauchope, Esq; of Edmonstone,
Andrew Wauchope, Esq; of Niddery,
Walter Brown, Esq; of Currie,
James Dewar, Esq; of Vogrie,
James Rochford, Esq; of Inverleith,
John Scott, Esq; of Maleny,
John Christie, Esq; of Baberton,
Samuel Mitchellson, Esq; of Clernilton,
Colonel Dalrymple of Fording,
Charles Watson, Esq; of Saughton,
William Davidson, Esq; of Muirhouse,
John Davie, Esq; of Gavie,
Alexander Keith, Esq; of Ravelfton,
Gilbert Innes, Esq; of Stow,
Major Ramsay of Whitehill,
Robert Baird, Esq; of Newbyth,
James Gillespie, Esq; of Spylaw.

Having considered that several unqualified persons, by taking out stamped certificates to kill Game, have, under that pretence, hunted on different grounds without the permission of the Proprietors. The Association, therefore, empower William Scott, Procurator Fiscal of this county, to prosecute all such persons who have so trespassed in time past, or who may do it in time coming.

And whereas an improper use has been made of indulgences given by the members of this Association to unqualified persons and others, to hunt on their grounds; these are therefore intimated, That all indulgences, whether verbal or in writing, granted previous hereto, are hereby recalled; and that if any person whatever shall presume, in time coming to hunt on their grounds, without first applying for and obtaining an order in writing from the proprietor, every person so transgressing will be prosecuted according to law.

As also the said Association considering that the stealing of dogs of sport has been very frequent of late, and that sundry persons are in the practice of shooting or otherwise destroying pigeons, it is therefore resolved, That all transgressors in either of these particulars shall likewise be prosecuted with the utmost rigour of law, at the expense of the Association.

Whoever will give such information to the Procurator Fiscal as shall lead to a discovery of offenders in the premises will receive from him a Reward of Two Guineas upon conviction of each offender, and the informer's name, if required, shall be concealed.

N. B. The sums which have been contributed by those who have or may join this Association, are not to be considered an annual assessment; and no new subscription will be required, until the sums subscribed are exhausted on necessary charges attending the prosecution of delinquents. &c. &c. subject to the approbation and control of a Committee of Subscribers.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of JOHN NISBET, Merchant in Eyemouth.

THAT upon the application of certain creditors of the said John Nisbet, to the extent required by law, Lord Alva, officiating as Lord Ordinary on the bills, upon the 14th August current, sequestrated the whole real and personal estate of the said John Nisbet, within the jurisdiction of the Court, and appointed the creditors to meet at Eyemouth, within the house of John Gray, vintner there, upon the 24th day of August current, at twelve o'clock noon, in order to their naming an interim factor upon the said sequestrated estate, and granted commission to the Sheriff-depute of Berwickshire or his substitutes, and failing them, to any of the Justices of the Peace of the said shire, to attend the said meeting of creditors, and receive production of their grounds of debt, and oaths on the verity, as required by the late bankrupt act, and for the other purposes mentioned in that statute.—Of which this intimation is given to all concerned.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of MATTHEW M'GOWN, Merchant in Paisley.

THAT William Orr, manufacturer in Paisley, Trustee upon the sequestrated estate of the said Matthew M'Gown, hereby, (in terms of the statute,) requires all the creditors to lodge with him their claims and vouchers or grounds of debt, with their oaths for proving the same, as directed by the said act, betwixt and the 5th day of March next, being nine calendar months after the date of the interlocutor awarding the sequestration: certifying these creditors who shall neglect to comply with this requisition, that they shall not be entitled to any share in the first distribution of the said estate.

Second Notice—First Term.

IN the Process of Ranking and Sale, William M'Farlane merchant in Glasgow, with concurrence of his Majesty's Advocate, for his Majesty's interest, against WILLIAM STALKER of Inchoch, and his Creditors—the Lord Braxfield, by his interlocutor dated 2d August 1787, nominated and appointed Lord Elgrove of course, to rank the whole Creditors next, to the said whole Creditors to produce all their claims, rights, and diligences competent to them respectively, against the bankrupt or his estate; and that for the First Term; with certification as in a Reduction and Improbation; and appointed this notice thereof, so as the same may come to the knowledge of all concerned.

H. S. CALLENDER, Clerk.

Third Notice—Second Term.

IN the Process of Ranking and Sale at the instance of David Limond, writer in Ayr, with concurrence of his Majesty's Advocate, for his Majesty's interest, against HUGH ROSS of Kerfe and his Creditors, the Lord Swinton, Ordinary thereto, by interlocutor dated the 27th of July 1787, assigned the 12th of November next to the whole Creditors, to produce all their claims, rights, and diligences competent to them against the said Hugh Ross or his estate, and that for the Second Term; with certification as in a Reduction and Improbation, and appointed this notice thereof, so as the same may come to the knowledge of all concerned.

H. S. CALLENDER, Clerk.

ROBBERY of the NORTH MAIL.

GENERAL POST-OFFICE,
Edinburgh, August 8. 1787.

THE Rider of the NORTH MAIL, which was dispatched from this Office on the 5th instant, was attacked on the afternoon of the day following at the park-dykes of Panmure, about half way between Dundee and Arbroath, by two Men who came out of a field of corn, one of whom took hold of the horse, and presented a pistol to the rider, whilst the other carried off the Mail. Upon making search for the Mail, it was soon found, about half a mile westward from the place where the Robbery was committed, and fortunately the whole contents entire.

Both the Men wore their own hair; were of a black complexion. The Man who took hold of the horse had on a striped cuff coat of a whitish colour; and the other, who carried off the Mail, had on a brownish coat much patched.

A reward of FIFTY POUNDS is hereby offered to such as shall apprehend the persons who committed this daring Robbery, to be paid on conviction.

By order of the Postmaster-General,
DAVID ROSS Secretary.

EXCISE OFFICE, EDINBURGH, 8th August 1787.

BY ORDER OF THE HONOURABLE

The Commissioners of Excise.

ON Friday the 17th instant, there will be exposed to sale, by public auction, in the Excise Warehouse at Leith, at twelve o'clock noon, the quantities and kinds of condemned goods undermentioned, viz.

For Home Consumption, and for private use only, being below the strength of one in six under Hydrometer proof,
3333 Gallons of FOREIGN GENEVA BRANDY.

Which will be put up in various lots, and at very reasonable rates, so as to accommodate purchasers, who will have the opportunity of buying for their own use any quantity not exceeding 63 gallons each, in the whole of the above-mentioned spirits.

Also for Home Consumption, Two Half Hogheads of FRENCH RED WINES, to be sold for private use, or to dealers.

For Exportation, or consumption as Stores on board of ships upon foreign voyages, clear of all duties,

8163 Gallons of FOREIGN GENEVA BRANDY.
124392 ditto GENEVA RUM.
16114 ditto RUM.

To be shipped under the like security for the due exportation, or consumption thereof as aforesaid, as is required in the case of spirits lawfully exported or shipped for consumption, on shipboard; and to be subject to re seizure and recondemnation, in case of being relanded.

The goods may be viewed and tasted, and the conditions of sale seen at the Excise Warehouse in Leith, two days before the sale; and twenty-five per cent. will be required as a deposit.

NOTICE

TO CREDITORS AT INVERNESS.

ALEXANDER M'PHERSON, Writer in Inverness, Trustee for the creditors of ANGUS SHAW, merchant there, hereby intimates his resolution of resigning his charge, and requires the creditors to meet within the house of George Beverly, vintner in Inverness, on Tuesday the 4th day of September next, that they may examine his accounts and proceedings, accept of his resignation, and choose a new Trustee in his place.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of JOHN M'CREE in Glengall, near Ayr.

THESE Creditors are requested to meet by themselves or their deors properly authorized, at the King's Arms Inn at Ayr, upon Tuesday the 21st day of August current, at mid-day.

SALE OF TRINITY LODGE,

In the County of Edinburgh,
(UPSET-PRICE GREATLY REDUCED.)

TO BE SOLD by public auction, on Wednesday the 22d August 1787, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon.

The Lands of TRINITY LODGE, consisting of about thirty-four Scots acres, pleasantly situated about a mile north from the New Town, on the sea-side above Newhaven, commanding a delightful prospect of the Frith and country around. The lands are all inclosed with hedges, and part of them with belts of thriving planting. On the premises there is an excellent dwelling-house, coach-house, stables, and other offices, all built within these few years, fit to accommodate any Nobleman or Gentleman's family; and adjoining to the house there are two gardens with pleasure ground, completely inclosed, and abounding with wall-trees and shrubbery.

The rental of the ground let to the tenants thereon, under leases, and from year to year, including 4l. given down to one of the tenants, for taking care of the policy and houses, extends to

The rent of the house and offices (very low for the present) 20 0 0
And of another house and small piece of ground set to Mrs Wood, is 10 0 0

L. 162 18 6

The whole feu duty, minister's stipend, school-masters salary, cess, poor's assessment, (per note) extends to 95 1 9

Which leaves a free Rent of 67 16 9

The whole subjects were formerly exposed at the upset price of 1500 l. Sterling, but for the encouragement of purchasers, the same will now be set up at only 33 years purchase of the free rental of the lands, which is L. 870 15 3

And eleven years purchase of the rental of the houses, 330 0 0

Upset Price, L. 1200 15 3

N. B. One of the parks is set at 15 l. per feu rental, for three years from Martinmas 1786, as the ground was in very bad order, and on condition that the tenant improves the same; but when he leaves it, the park will set at 20 l. per annum, being the same rate of rent drawn for the rest of the ground, of the like quality.

The houses and offices to be seen on Tuesdays and Fridays only, betwixt the hours of twelve and three o'clock.

A part of the price may remain in the purchaser's hands, on proper security.

For further particulars enquire at Robert Brown, writer to the signet, who will show a rental and plan of the lands, and inform as to further particulars.



FOR KINGSTON, JAMAICA,

The BELL,

JOHN CATHCART Master, Now lying at Greenock, will be ready in ten days to receive goods, and will positively sail by the 5th September.

A I. S. O.

The Fine New Ship BETTY, burthen about 260 tons, WILLIAM CHISHOLM Master, will be ready to receive goods at Greenock by the 1st September, and clear to sail the 10th October.

Both these ships have the very best accommodations for passengers.—For freight or passage apply to James Buchanan, Glasgow; Captain Cathcart, or Hamilton, Garden, and Company, Greenock.

Greenock, 9th July 1787.

To be SOLD or LET, and entered to immediately,

A HOUSE, consisting of two storeys and garrets, with a Malt Barn, Loft, Steep-stone, Kill for twelve bulls, Brew-house, Corn-barn, Stable, Byre, Bake-house, and Oven, and a large Garden, inclosed with a stone dyke, and all in good condition, lying in the market-town of Lochgelly, parish of Auchtermear, and shire of Fife, about four miles from Kirkcaldy, Kinghorn, and Bruntland, and about a quarter of a mile from coal.

Also to be Sold, a Copper, Vatt, Cooler, &c.

Apply to John Thomson, brewer in Bruntland, the proprietor. Not to be repeated.

COUNTRY HOUSE.

To be LET and entered to, either at Whitunday or Martinmas next, for one or more years,

THE HOUSE, Gardens, and Offices of HOWDEN, FURNISHED or UNFURNISHED, with or without Ground, lying thirteen miles west of Edinburgh, on the great road to Glasgow by Whitburn. The situation is most beautiful, and the house will accommodate a genteel family.

Apply to William Wilson writer, Royal Bank Close, Edinburgh.

Game on Gray and Kinfauns.

LORD GRAY being desirous to preserve the Game upon the estates of Gray and Kinfauns, in the counties of Forfar and Perth, hopes no Gentleman will shoot thereon without leave.—All unqualified persons will be prosecuted with rigour, and a Guinea of reward given to informers, to be paid upon conviction of the offenders.

LANDS IN CLYDEDALE.

To be SOLD by Private Bargain, THE LANDS of HOWBURN, lying within the parish of Wallton, and shire of Linlithgow, pleasantly situated by the side of the great road leading from Peebles to Glasgow, about four miles from the market-town of Biggar.

The lands are in good heart, and perfectly possessed by the proprietor John White. There is upon the lands a commodious Dwelling-House and Offices all in good repair.

For further particulars, apply to the proprietor.

N. B. If the lands are not sold by private bargain before the 1st of October next, they will be advertised for a fixed day of sale at _____, as expressed in after advertisements.

TO BE SOLD,

THE Lands of Over and Nether Olig, lying in the parish of Olig and shire of Caithness.

Persons inclining to purchase will be informed of particulars on applying to Charles Mackenzie writer, Edinburgh.

Farms in Forfarshire to Let.

THE FARMS of LITTLE MILN and DUBTON, in the parish of Montrose, for nineteen years after Martinmas 1787. These farms lie contiguous, and within less than an English mile of the town of Montrose; are of an excellent carle soil, and highly improved. There is a genteel House on the farm of Little Miln, with a garden and suitable offices, sufficient for the accommodation of a gentleman's family. The farm of Little Miln consists of about 72 acres, and the farm of Dubton of about 35 acres, all arable, exclusive of Houses and Gardens.

For particulars, enquire at Edward Green, tenant at Little Miln, or Thomas Stewart.

Lands in the shires of Edinburgh & Selkirk.

To be SOLD by private Sale,

THE Lands and Estate of ROWLAND, in the parish of Stow, and counties of Edinburgh and Selkirk.

This estate lies twenty-seven miles south from Edinburgh, upon the great road leading to Carlisle, &c. It is agreeably situated upon the water of Gala, and within a few miles of several good market towns.

There is a commodious mansion-house upon the estate, with an excellent garden and orchard, a complete set of offices, and a well-flocked pigeon-house. The parks around the house are extensive, and well laid out, containing upwards of 270 acres, inclusive of about 71 acres of thriving planting, with which they are subdivided in good taste. A considerable quantity of timber, and old enough for most country purposes. The estate holds of the Crown, and affords two freehold qualifications, one in the shire of Edinburgh, and another in that of Selkirk.

For particulars, apply to Archibald Gibson, writer to the signet, who will show the rental, title-deeds, and a plan of the lands. Thomas Watson at Corbie will show the grounds.

To MERCHANTS, TRADERS, and Others,

AT LEITH.

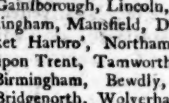
FOR HULL and GAINSBOROUGH,

THE ELLIOCK,



JOHN CLARK Master, Now lying on the Birth in Leith harbour, taking in goods for Hull, Gainsborough, and all places adjacent, and will sail 30th current, and weather serving; and as there is to be vessels constantly in the trade, and sails to and from Gainsborough every fourteen or sixteen days, it will save the Merchants that have goods coming from Gainsborough, Lincoln, Newark, Grantham, Stamford, Nottingham, Mansfield, Derby, Loughborough, Leicester, Market Harborough, Northampton, Alby-de-la-Zouch, Burton upon Trent, Tamworth, Atherstone, Hunkley, Coventry, Birmingham, Bewdley, Leechfield, Walfall, Stourbridge, Bridgnorth, Wolverhampton, Dudley, Bromsgrove, Droitwich, Kidderminster, Worcester, Gloucester, Bristol, Shrewsbury, instead of sending them to Hull.

Goods addressed to Mr Ralph Coddington at Gainsborough, and to John Kay, shipmaster in Leith, will be properly attended to.



LEITH, Aug. 16. 1787.

Sale of a Vessel at Kincardine.

TO BE SOLD by public roup, at Mrs Mill's, vintner in Kincardine, on Thursday the 23d day of August current, at three o'clock afternoon.

A VESSEL presently on the stocks at Kincardine, intended for a brig, built to her height, and well bound with strong oak timbers, 42½ feet in length of keel, 9 feet in depth of hold, and 17 feet in extreme breadth.

She was lately built by Andrew Marshall ship-builder in Kincardine, and was in her present unfinished state at his bankruptcy.

Further information may be had by applying to Alexander Birnie writer in Alloa, trustee upon the bankrupt's sequestrated estate.



A SLOOP FOR SALE.

A SLOOP, smack rigged, with her materials, reckoned a fast sailing vessel, very fit for the bounty fishing or coasting trade. She measures 60 tons, will carry 70, was built in the year 1777, but has got a thorough repair in her hull, and may be got to sea in three days.

Likewise, A VESSEL ON THE STOCKS, smack built, of extraordinary timber and plank, and good workmanship, will measure 80 tons bounty or thereabout, will carry 90 tons, and may be got ready to launch in two months.

For particulars, apply to Mr Arthur Byrnes, ship-builder, Berwick-upon-Tweed.

Sale of Household Furniture

AT CROMARTY HOUSE.

ON Monday the 27th August current, there is to be sold The Whole HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE of a marty House, consisting of very valuable Mahogany Steads, Tables, Chairs, Bureaus, Chests of Drawers, many other elegant and substantial pieces of furniture, Beds and Bedding of all sorts, Bed and Table Linens, pets, Grates, Mirrors, and a great variety of kitchen furniture.

Credit will be given for twelve months, on finding doubted security, or 5 per cent. discount for prompt payment.

The sale to begin at twelve o'clock forenoon, and continue till the whole is sold off.

The furniture to be viewed four days preceding the sale. N. B. There will be sold at same time, a parcel of substantial Farming Utensils, such as CARTS, PLOUGHS, &c. &c.

TO LET FURNISHED,

THE Mansion-house of LARGIE, Kintyre, and county of Argyll, consisting of a dining-room, drawing-room, and several bed-chambers, sitting-rooms, closets, kitchen, offices, &c. sufficient to accommodate a genteel family.

The house is pleasantly situated upon the west side of a most extensive prospect, commanding a view of the island of Lila, and a variety of great and small islands front of the place, is situated upon the great post-road Inveraray to Campbeltown, about half a mile from the side, where uncommon variety of sea-fish is constantly taken, and there are a number of fresh water lochs, abounding with trout, &c. Game is exceeding plenty on the estate, few places so stocked with black in particular.

The house, garden, and offices, with more or less lands, may be had at pleasure, and the inclosures are all down in great order.

There is an inexhaustible fund of limestone and freestone, and turf; and though this place is distant from Glasgow, it is of easy access from thence, by a fine and commodious road as any where in Scotland, or by water from the Clyde, in a few hours sailing.

For particulars, apply to Charles Lockhart Mackenzie Esq; of Largie, at Muiravenside, near Lishalloch, or to Macdonald writer to the signet, Prince's Street, Edinburgh. And John Macmurely, the baron-officer at Largie, will show the premises.

Sale of Lands in Rois-shire.

To be SOLD by private bargain,

THE Lands and Estate of GRUNARD, comprising the lands of Grunard, properly called the lands of Drumchork, Teanafin, Sand, Udrigill, Dunsand, Inverew, and others, with the islands, salmon, other fishings, grazings, shealings, and other premises thereof, lying in the barony of Lochbroom, parish of Loch, and shire of Rois.

These lands are held of a subject superior, for payment of 5 l. Sterling of feu-duty, are of great extent, commodiously situated for fishing stations, and otherwise, an extensive tract of sea coast, upon which a considerable quantity of kelp hath of late years been manufactured, and yield at present upwards of 300 l. Sterling of tax, but, upon the expiry of the current leases, a very great may reasonably be expected.

There are two manor-houses on these lands, each well sufficient for the accommodation of a private gentleman's family, and both conveniently and pleasantly situated, one at Udrigill, the other at Teanafin.

If a sale in the manner now proposed does not focus place, these lands will be advertised more particularly, the view of being sold by public roup in Edinburgh, at a time during the ensuing winter.

For further particulars, those intending to become purchasers, and their agents, are requested to apply to the proprietor at Udrigill by Dingwall, or to George Macmurely, Esq; at Poyntzfield near Cromarty, or George Macmurely, Esq; at Poyntzfield near Cromarty, or George Macmurely, Esq; at Poyntzfield near Cromarty, or George Macmurely, Esq; at Poyntzfield near Cromarty.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the hour of 1787, between the hours of two and three o'clock afternoon.

THE Lands of Nether Ardardare

Macaulay, alias GEILSTON, extending to a merk land of old extent, with the Spittal, commonly called Hottler of Bridgend, and the pasture and grazing of 12 cows, and one mare with a foal, in the company of 12 twelve-merk land of Ardardare Macaulay, and the lands, the year of Nether Ardardare in the water of Clyde, with the whole planting and policy thereto belonging, lying in the parish of Cardross, dukedom and late regality of Luss, and shire of Dumbarton.

There is a good commodious House upon the ground, with complete set of offices, with a bathing-house. The beauties of this estate, and its commanding view of the river of Clyde, and the country adjacent, can best be described by those who examine the whole with attention.

And also, SIX ROODS of LAND or thereabouts, in the BROMIELAW-CROFT of Glasgow, whereof three roods lie from east to west upon Clyde, and the other three roods, run from north to south, and lie upon the south side of the road leading to Anderson.

And also, an ANNUAL RENT or Feu-Duty of 16 pounds Scots, payable yearly forth of a tenement, formerly two barns, sometime belonging to Archibald Robertson of Bedlay, lying within the Stable-green port of Glasgow.

For further particulars, apply to Gilbert Hamilton, merchant in Glasgow, or Patrick Robertson, writer there.

N. B. The day of sale of the houses in Stockwell, in Argyll's street, which belonged to Mr Thomas Donald, will be afterwards advertised.

Sale of Lands in Linlithgowshire.

TO BE SOLD within the Old Exchange Coffinhouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 12th of September 1787, at six o'clock afternoon.

THE LANDS of BORMY, alias BALVORMY, with the tiends, parsonage, and vicarage, in the parish and shire of Linlithgow, consisting of about 339 Scots acres, whereof twenty-one are planted. The whole are inclosed, and divided into fifteen inclosures, with stone dykes and fank fences, excepting a few acres called the Glebe, possessed by the Reverend Mr Oliver.

The lands lie within two miles of Linlithgow and Edinburgh, and within one mile of coal, and a quarter of a mile of a lime draw-kill.

There are two lime quarries, and lime stone in other parts of the lands, a very scarce commodity in that neighbourhood; there are also a good free stone quarry, and appearances of coal.

There are no tacks on the lands; the grass parks are let from year to year. The lands in the proprietor's possession may be entered to at Martinmas, or the separation of the crop.

The grounds may be greatly improved at a moderate expense, as little more has hitherto been done than the inclosing and planting.

The conditions of sale, title-deeds, and a plan of the estate will be shown by John Gray writer to the signet, who has power to sell by private bargain; and a copy of the conditions of sale, and inventory of the title-deeds, will be shown by James Taylor, writer in Linlithgow.

The grounds will be shown by James Binnie at Bormy. N. B. The purchaser will be accommodated with a great part of the present crop, at a valuation, if he chooses to take it.—If the lands are not sold, park of 684 acres will be set next year for Hay, and for such a number of years as shall be required, for pasture.